#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council City of Woodbine Woodbine, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the City of Woodbine, Kansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Woodbine's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the *Kansas Municipal Audit Guide*. Those standards and guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described more fully in Note 1, the City of Woodbine, Kansas has prepared these financial statements in conformity with the accounting practices prescribed by the State of Kansas to demonstrate compliance with the cash basis and budget laws of the State of Kansas, which practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effect on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of Woodbine, Kansas, as of December 31, 2008, or the changes in its financial position for the year then ended.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the cash and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Woodbine, Kansas as of December 31, 2008, and its cash receipts and expenditures, and budgetary comparisons for the year then ended, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

MEMBERS:

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Kansas Society of Certified Public Accountants



Pottberg, Gassman & Hoffman, Chartered Abilene, Kansas December 10, 2009

CITY OF WOODBINE, KANSAS

Summary of Cash Receipts, Expenditures and Unencumbered Cash For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Ending <u>Cash Balance</u>	97,108	50,343 2,909	76,611 29,681	223,939	480,591	449,340	480,591
Ö	↔				↔	↔	€
Add Outstanding Encumbrances and <u>Accounts Payable</u>	,	1 1		,	·	Checking and Savings	Certificates of Deposit Total Cash
Enc Ag				į	II.	Check	Cerunicates Total Cash
Ending Unencumbered <u>Cash Balance</u>	97,108	50,343 2,909	76,611 29,681	223,939	480,591		
Uner	<del>⇔</del>				₩	Cash	
Expenditures	33,306	5,009	29,488 8,529	198,694	275,227	Composition of Cash:	
EX	₩				φ	Con	
Cash <u>Receipts</u>	74,120	5,910 296	39,131 18,711	422,633	560,801		
	↔				φ.		
Year eled <u>rrances</u>	i	i i	1 (	,	1		
Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances	છ				₩		
Beginning Unencumbered <u>Cash Balance</u>	56,294	49,442 2,814	66,968 19,499	1	195,017		
Beg Unencu Cash	s				8		
Funds	Governmental Type Funds: General Fund	Special Revenue Funds: Special Street Special Law	Proprietary Type Funds: Enterprise Funds: Water Utility Sewer Utility	Capital Project Fund: Sewer Project - CDBG Grant	Total Reporting Entity		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### <u>Summary of Expenditures - Budget and Actual</u> <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2008</u>

<u>Funds</u>	•	Certified Budget	for Qu	stment alifying t Credit	Total Budget for <u>Comparison</u>	Cha	enditures rgeable to rent Year	ariance- Over <u>Under)</u>
Governmental Type Funds:	_							
General Fund	\$	121,767	\$	-	\$ 121,767	\$	33,306	\$ (88,461)
Special Revenue Funds:								
Special Street		55,782		-	55,782		5,009	(50,773)
Special Law		3,105		-	3,105		201	(2,904)
Proprietary Type Funds: Enterprise Funds: Water Utility Sewer Utility		125,075 61,900		- -	125,075 61,900		29,488 8,529	(95,587) (53,371)
Capital Project Funds: Sewer Project - CDBG Grant*							198,688	

<sup>\*</sup> Fund Not Required to be Budgeted

### <u>General Fund</u> <u>Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget</u> <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2008</u>

		Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Cash Receipts:		<u> Aotaal</u>	Duaget	(onder)
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Property Tax	\$	35,078	38,013	(2,935)
Delinquent Tax	•	1,632		1,632
Motor Vehicle Tax		6,999	7,596	(597)
Recreational Vehicle Tax		232	261	(29)
16/20 M Vehicle Tax		353	332	21
Intergovernmental Revenue:			-	-
Countywide Sales Tax		17,601	16,500	1,101
Emergency Preparedness		4,043	, 	4,043
Franchise Tax		4,699	4,800	(101)
Fines and Fees		2,451	, 	2,451
Interest on Idle Funds		458	-	458
Miscellaneous:		574	100	474
Total Cash Receipts		74,120	67,602	6,518
Expenditures: General and Administrative:				
General Government		22,521	28,000	(5,479)
Street Lights		4,770	5,000	(230)
Street Department		1,226	71,667	(70,441)
City Park		230	500	(270)
Employee Benefits		1,818	3,600	(1,782)
Demolition		· -	7,500	(7,500)
Fireworks		500	500	-
Gym		2,241	5,000	(2,759)
Total Expenditures		33,306	121,767	(88,461)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		40,814		
Unencumbered Cash, January 1		56,294		
Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances	***************************************	-		
Unencumbered Cash, December 31	\$	97,108		

### Special Revenue Funds Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Cash Receipts:         \$ 5,910         6,260         (38)           Expenditures:         Street Repair and Maintenance         5,009         55,782         (50,77)           Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures         901           Unencumbered Cash, January 1         49,442           Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances         -           Unencumbered Cash, December 31         \$ 50,343           Special Law           Cash Receipts:         Dog Tax         \$ 296         500         (20)           Expenditures:         Operating         201         3,105         (2,90)           Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures         95           Unencumbered Cash, January 1         2,814           Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances         -	Special Street	Δ	<u>ctual</u>	Budget	Variance Over <u>(Under)</u>
Expenditures: Street Repair and Maintenance  5,009  55,782  (50,77)  Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures  Unencumbered Cash, January 1  Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances  Unencumbered Cash, December 31  Special Law Cash Receipts: Dog Tax  \$ 296  Expenditures: Operating  201  3,105  (290)  Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures  Unencumbered Cash, January 1  Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances  -	Cash Receipts:				
Street Repair and Maintenance         5,009         55,782         (50,77)           Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures         901         49,442           Unencumbered Cash, January 1         49,442           Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances         -           Unencumbered Cash, December 31         \$ 50,343           Special Law         Cash Receipts:           Dog Tax         \$ 296         500         (20           Expenditures:         Operating         201         3,105         (2,90           Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures         95           Unencumbered Cash, January 1         2,814           Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances         -	State of Kansas Gas Tax		5,910	6,260	(350)
Street Repair and Maintenance         5,009         55,782         (50,77)           Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures         901         49,442           Unencumbered Cash, January 1         49,442           Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances         -           Unencumbered Cash, December 31         \$ 50,343           Special Law         Cash Receipts:           Dog Tax         \$ 296         500         (20           Expenditures:         Operating         201         3,105         (2,90           Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures         95           Unencumbered Cash, January 1         2,814           Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances         -	Expenditures:				
Unencumbered Cash, January 1         49,442           Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances         -           Unencumbered Cash, December 31         \$ 50,343           Special Law           Cash Receipts:         Dog Tax           Dog Tax         \$ 296           Expenditures:         Operating           Operating         201           Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures         95           Unencumbered Cash, January 1         2,814           Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances         -	•		5,009	55,782	(50,773)
Special Law   Cash Receipts: Dog Tax   \$ 296   500   (20)	Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		901		
Special Law         Cash Receipts:         \$ 296         500         (20           Expenditures:         Operating         201         3,105         (2,90           Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures         95           Unencumbered Cash, January 1         2,814           Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances         -	Unencumbered Cash, January 1		49,442		
Special Law           Cash Receipts:         \$ 296         500         (20           Expenditures:         201         3,105         (2,90           Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures         95           Unencumbered Cash, January 1         2,814           Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances         -	Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances		-		
Cash Receipts:         \$ 296         500         (20           Expenditures:         201         3,105         (2,90           Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures         95           Unencumbered Cash, January 1         2,814           Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances         -	Unencumbered Cash, December 31	_\$	50,343		
Expenditures: Operating  201 3,105 (2,90)  Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures  95 Unencumbered Cash, January 1 2,814  Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances -	Cash Receipts:	\$	296	500	(204)
Operating 201 3,105 (2,90 Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures 95 Unencumbered Cash, January 1 2,814 Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances -	•				
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures 95 Unencumbered Cash, January 1 2,814 Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances -	•		204	0.405	(0.004)
Unencumbered Cash, January 1 2,814  Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances	Operating		201	3,105	(2,904)
Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances	Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures		95		
	Unencumbered Cash, January 1		2,814		
Unencumbered Cash, December 31 \$ 2,909	Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances		-		
	Unencumbered Cash, December 31	\$	2,909		

## Enterprise Funds Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

	<u>Actual</u>	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Water Utility			
Cash Receipts:			
Water Sales	\$ 36,471	55,000	(18,529)
Delinquent Collections	2,660	1,500	1,160
Total Cash Receipts	39,131	56,500	(17,369)
Expenditures:			
Salaries and Wages	5,485	5,400	85
Operations	12,311	25,000	(12,689)
Capital Outlay	-	82,972	(82,972)
Bond Principal	3,000	3,000	•
Bond Interest	8,692	8,693	(1)
Bond Fees		10	(10)
Total Expenditures	29,488	125,075	(95,587)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	9,643		
Unencumbered Cash, January 1	66,968		
Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances			
Unencumbered Cash, December 31	\$ 76,611		
Sewer Utility Cash Receipts:			
Sewer Dues	16,976	20,400	(3,424)
Delinquent Collection Interest	736	1,200	(464)
Total Cash Receipts	999	1,000	(1)
rotal Gasir Neccipts	18,711	22,600	(3,889)
Expenditures:			
Salaries and Wages	5,485	6,000	(515)
Operations	3,044	6,000	(2,956)
Capital Outlay		49,900	(49,900)
Total Expenditures	8,529	61,900	(53,371)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	10,182		
Unencumbered Cash, January 1	19,499		
Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances	***************************************		
Unencumbered Cash, December 31	\$ 29,681		

### <u>Capital Project Fund</u> <u>Statement of Cash Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget</u> <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2008</u>

	2008 <u>Actual</u>
Sewer Project - CDBG Grant	
Cash Receipts:	
CDBG Grant	\$ 152,609
Temporary Note Proceeds	270,000
Interest on Idle Funds	24
Total Cash Receipts	422,633
Expenditures:	
Construction Costs	185,471
Construction Fees	13,223
Total Expenditures	 198,694
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	223,939
Unencumbered Cash, January 1	-
Prior Year Canceled Encumbrances	-
Unencumbered Cash, December 31	\$ 223,939

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. General Statement

The City of Woodbine, Kansas operates under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public works and waterworks.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the funds and account groups included in the accompanying financial statements conform to the cash basis and budget laws of the State of Kansas. The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

#### B. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's financial statements include the accounts of all City operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the City's reporting entity, as set forth in section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the City holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the City is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the City
- · there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the City

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the City of Woodbine, Kansas has no component units.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The transactions of each fund are summarized by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which include its assets, encumbrances, receipts and expenditures. Funds are ordered into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Funds within each major category are grouped by fund type in the financial statements. The funds used by the city are shown below.

#### Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds are those through which general governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related encumbrances (except those accounted for in Proprietary Funds) are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The following are the City's Governmental Fund types:

#### General Fund -

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. This Fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds -

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue resources (other than assessments, expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Project Funds -

The Capital Project Fund is used to account for financial resources segregated for the acquisition of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Enterprise Funds).

Proprietary Fund Types -

Proprietary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. The following are the City's Proprietary Fund types:

Enterprise Funds:

The Enterprise Funds are used for activities which are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenditures) of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. These funds include: Water Utility and Sewer Utility.

Fiduciary Fund Types:

Fiduciary Fund types are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. These include payroll tax withholding and sales tax collected and paid. These funds are not included in the financial statements. The City of Woodbine currently has no agency funds.

#### D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The Governmental, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Types all use a current financial resources focus and are accounted for using the statutory basis of accounting. The statutory basis of accounting, as used in the preparation of these statutory basis financial statements, is designed to demonstrate compliance with the cash basis and budget laws of the State of Kansas. Cash receipts are recognized when the cash balance of a fund is increased. Expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting (continued)

and services, and are usually evidenced by a purchase order or written contract. For an interfund transaction, a cash receipt is recorded in the fund receiving cash from another fund, and an expenditure would be charged in the fund from which the transfer is made.

The City has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the City to use the statutory basis of accounting.

#### E. Budgetary Information

The City Charter establishes the fiscal year as the twelve-month period beginning January 1. The Mayor and City Council prepare a budget of estimated expenditures and revenues for the ensuing fiscal year in accordance with State of Kansas Statutes. These statutes require that an annual operating budget be adopted for all fund types (unless specifically exempted by statute). The statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- Preparation of the budget for the ensuing calendar year on or before August 1<sup>st</sup>.
- Publication in the local newspaper on or before August 5<sup>th</sup> of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
- Public hearing on or before August 15<sup>th</sup>, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25<sup>th</sup>.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison statements are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the statutory basis of accounting, in which, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the municipality for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or a contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year-end.

A legal operating budget is not required for Fiduciary Funds and Capital Project Funds.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### F. Cash and Investments

Cash of all funds consist of either deposits or certificates of deposit. Separate accounts are not maintained for each fund. Each fund whose monies are deposited in a pooled cash account has an equity therein.

#### G. Compensated Absences

The City has no full-time employees and therefore, has not estimated the dollar amount of accrued vacation or accumulated sick leave pay.

#### 2. DEPARTURE FROM GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The basis of accounting used by the City (described in note 1.D.) results in financial statement presentation which shows cash receipts, expenditures, cash and unencumbered cash balances, and expenditures compared to budget. Balance Sheets that would have shown non-cash assets such as receivables, inventories and prepaid expense, liabilities such as deferred revenue and matured principal and interest payable, and reservations of the fund balance are not presented. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, encumbrances are only recognized as a reservation of the fund balance; encumbrances outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Consequently, the expenditures as reported do not present the cost of goods and services received during the fiscal year in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Capital Assets that account for the land, buildings and equipment owned by the City are not presented in the financial statements. Also long-term debt such as loans and compensated absences are not presented in the financial statements.

The required balance sheet, income statement, and the statement of changes in financial position are not presented for the proprietary fund types. Generally accepted accounting principles require these fund types to be accounted for by the full accrual method of accounting.

#### 3. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Deposits. At year-end the carrying amount of the City's deposits, including certificates of deposit, was \$480,591 and the bank balance was \$480,616. The bank balance was held by one bank resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Of the bank balance \$250,000 was covered by FDIC insurance and \$230,616 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' agents in the City's name.

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statue requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the City is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008

#### 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Concentration of credit risk. State statutes place no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the City's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. The City has no designated 'peak period.' All deposits were legally secured at December 31, 2008.

#### 4. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The City of Woodbine does not employ any full-time employees, and thus, does not participate in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et seq.

#### 5. STATUTORY COMPLIANCE

References made herein to the statutes are not intended as interpretations of law, but are offered for consideration of the Director of Accounts and Reports and interpretation by the City Council.

K.S.A. 12-1608 requires that annually, the City Treasurer publishes financial statements showing, by fund: beginning and ending balances, receipts and expenditures along with obligations / liability information. Such publication did not occur for the year ended December 31, 2008.

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City of Woodbine, Kansas is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To insure against risk of these types of losses, the City has purchased commercial insurance coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in the past three fiscal years.

#### 7. CAPITAL PROJECTS

Capital project authorizations with approved change orders compared with cash disbursements and accounts payable from inception are as follows:

		Cash Disbursements
		and
	Project	Accounts Payable
	Authorization	To Date
Sewer Project	\$422,633	\$198,694

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

8 LONG TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term liabilities for the City of Woodbine, Kansas, for the year ended December 31, 2008, were as follows:

2008 Interest <u>Paid</u>	\$ 8,693	1	8,693	i	\$ 8,693
Balance End of <u>Year</u>	\$ 180,000	270,000	450,000	1	\$ 450,000
Net <u>Change</u>	\$ (3,000)	1 1	(3,000)	1	\$ (3,000)
Reductions/ Payments	\$ 3,000		3,000	1	\$ 3,000
Additions	ω		1	1	٠ ج
Balance Beginning <u>of Year</u>	\$ 183,000 183,000	270,000	453,000	ı	\$ 453,000
Date of Final Maturity	10/1/2038	9/15/2009			
Amount of Issue	200,000	270,000			
Date of <u>Issue</u>	10/1/1998	9/18/2008			
Interest <u>Rates</u>	4.75%	3.25%			
Ssue	General Obligation Bonds: Series 1998	Other Debt: Temporary Note	Total Contractual Indebtedness	Compensated Absences	Total long-term debt

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

8. LONG TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)
Current maturities of long-term debt and interest through maturity are as follows:

	Total	180,000 180,000	270,000	450,000	161,245 161,245	8,726 8,726	169,971	619,971
		<b>∞</b>						8
	2034-2038	49,000	1 +	49,000	7,210	1 .	7,210	56,210
	7	φ						69
	2029-2033	40,000	1 6	40,000	17,528	f R	17,528	57,528
		<del>s</del> }			! [			eo∦
	2024-2028	32,000		32,000	25,840 25,840	1	25,840	57,840
		<i>σ</i>	[ ]					∞∥
	2019-2023	24,000	1 1	24,000	32,113 32,113		32,113	56,113
	8	S						es l
	2014-2018	20,000	+   1	20,000	37,228 37,228	1	37,228	57,228
	20	ь						υ
	2013	3,000	1	3,000	7,980	( )	7,980	10,980
Year		€						69
	2012	3,000	1	3,000	8,123 8,123	1 1	8,123	11,123
		69						€9
	2011	3,000	1 1	3,000	8,265		8,265	11,265
	1	89		Ì				6 <del>9</del>
	2010	3,000		3,000	8,408	1 1	8,408	11,408
		φ		1			1	€9
	2009	3,000	270,000	273,000	8,550	8,726	17,276	\$ 290,276 \$ 11,408
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		Principal General Obligation Bonds Series 1998 Total General Obligation Bonds	ner Debt: Temporary Note Total Other Debt	Total Principal	Interest General Obligation Bonds Series 1998 Total General Obligation Bonds	er Debt: Temporary Note Total Other Debt	Total Interest	Total Principal and Interest Payments
		Principal General O Series To	Other Debt: Tempora Total		Interest General Serie T	Other Debt: Tempora Total		Total P